

# SOP\_001\_NU\_1\_2\_Top\_Down\_Standard\_October\_2017\_v2A\_CJD\_LF

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### Reagent and Materials List

Item	Part Number	Vendor
Ubiquitin	U6253	Sigma Aldrich
Trypsinogen	T1143	Sigma Aldrich
Myoglobin	M5696	Sigma Aldrich
Carbonic Anhydrase	C2624	Sigma Aldrich
Optima Grade Water	W6-4	Fisher Scientific
Optima Grade Acetonitrile	A955-4	Fisher Scientific
MS-Grade Formic Acid	PI-28905	Fisher Scientific
1.5 mL Protein LoBind Microcentrifuge Tubes	13-698-794	Fisher Scientific

# Important Notes

- Use 1.5 mL Eppendorf LoBind microcentrifuge tubes for protein stock preparation, top-down (TD) standard preparation, and long term aliquot storage. In our experience, these tubes have shown the lowest degree of plasticizer leaching and/or protein binding during use and storage.
- Approximate final protein amounts (loaded on-column): 0.1 pmol ubiquitin, 0.5 pmol trypsinogen, 1 pmol myoglobin, and 0.6 pmol carbonic anhydrase. Superoxide dismutase (SOD1) is present as a contaminant in carbonic anhydrase.
- A TD standard prepared in this way should be stable for up to three days at 4 °C (before significant protein oxidation becomes evident).

#### Recipe

- Prepare 2 mg/mL stocks of each protein standard in Optima H<sub>2</sub>O. (Aliquots can be stored at -80 °C.)
- Prepare the following (volumes shown from respective stock solutions):

Protein	Volume	Stock Concentration	Amount Loaded on Column
	(μL)	(pmol/μL)	(pmol, 1X)
Carbonic Anhydrase	40	25.7	0.64
Myoglobin	40	43.9	1.09
Trypsinogen	25	19.6	0.49
Ubiquitin	2.5	5.5	0.14
Total	107.5		

• Divide final mixture into 2.5 uL aliquots and store at -80 °C.



### Preparation

- Dilute one aliquot of TD STD in 100x vol. of Buffer A (95% Optima H<sub>2</sub>O, 5 % Optima Acetonitrile, 0.2% MS-grade formic acid), where 1x vol. is the intended injection volume (e.g. **600 μL Buffer A** for an intended injection volume of **6 μL**). This will ensure that the correct amount of each TD standard protein is present in each injection.
- Mix thoroughly by pipetting, then transfer to a clean autosampler vial. The standard is now ready for use.

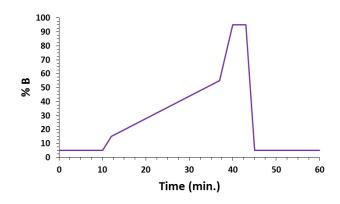
### Column Parameters

- Option 1: Self-packed PLRP-S columns
  - Packing Material: PLRP-S resin, 1000 Å pore size, 5 μm particle size (obtained from Agilent Technologies)
  - <u>Trap column</u>: 2 cm bed length, 150 μm I.D.
  - <u>Analytical column</u>: 15 cm bed length, 75 μm I.D.
  - Nanospray Emitter: 15 μm PicoTip emitter, packed with 2 mm PLRP-S resin (P/N FS360-50-15-N-20-C12, New Objective)
- Option 2: Thermo Dionex Monolithic RP-4H columns
  - Trap column: 0.5 cm bed length, 150 μm I.D. Thermo Dionex PepSwift (P/N 164558)
  - Analytical column: 50 cm bed length, 100 μm I.D. Thermo Dionex ProSwift Monolithic RP-4H (P/N 164921)

# LC Parameters

- Solvent A: 95% Optima H<sub>2</sub>O, 5% Optima Acetonitrile, 0.2% MS-grade formic acid
- Solvent B: 5% Optima H<sub>2</sub>O, 95% Optima Acetonitrile, 0.2% MS-grade formic acid
- Option 1: Self-packed PLRP-S columns
  - Trapping configuration: 3 μL/min flow rate (10 min. trap cycle, 25 °C)
  - Analytical configuration: 0.3 μL/min flow rate (50 min. analytical gradient, 25 °C)
  - Gradient Parameters:

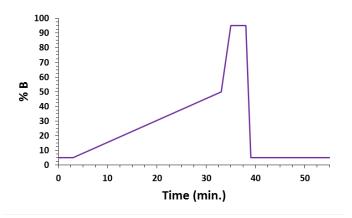
Time (min.)	% B	Curve
0.0	5.0	
10.0	5.0	0% in 10 min.
12.0	15.0	10% in 2 min.
37.0	55.0	40% in 25 min.
40.0	95.0	40% in 3 min.
43.0	95.0	0% in 3 min.
45.0	5.0	90% in 2 min.
60.0	5.0	0% in 15 min.





- Option 2: Thermo Dionex Monolithic RP-4H columns
  - Trapping configuration: 10 μL/min flow rate (3 min. trap cycle, 35 °C)
  - Analytical configuration: 1 μL/min flow rate (50 min. analytical gradient, 35 °C)
  - Gradient Parameters:

Time (min.)	% B	Curve
0.0	5.0	
3.0	5.0	0% in 3 min.
33.0	50.0	45% in 30 min.
35.0	95.0	45% in 2 min.
38.0	95.0	0% in 3 min.
39.0	5.0	90% in 1 min.
53.0	5.0	0% in 14 min.



#### MS Parameters

Instrument Tuning and Method Parameters:

(All in positive and profile mode, with 15.0 V source CID. Protein mode on.)

Scan Event 1: FTMS1	Scan Range (m/z)	500.00 - 2000.00
(120k RP)	Microscans	4
Full Scan	Max Inject Time (ms)	100.00
Normal scan rate	MS1 AGC Target	1.00e +06
Scan Event 2: ITMS1	Scan Range (m/z)	500.00- 2000.00
Full Scan	Microscans	25
Normal scan rate	Max Inject Time (ms)	10.00
	MS1 AGC Target	3.00e +04
Scan Event 3: FTMS2	Minimum Signal Threshold (counts)	500
(60k RP)	Activation Type	HCD
Top 1, dd	Default Charge State	10
Full Scan	Isolation Width (m/z)	15.0
Normal scan rate	Normalized Collision Energy	25.0
	Activation Q	0.250
	Activation time (ms)	0.1
	Microscans	4
	Max Inject Time (ms)	1000.00
	MS2 AGC Target	1.00e +06

Last Edited: October 30<sup>th</sup>, 2017

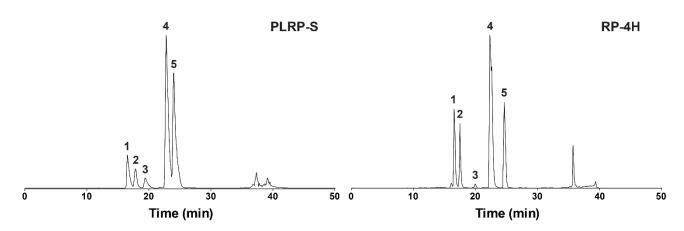


# Dynamic Exclusion Settings (MS2):

Repeat Count	1
Repeat Duration (s)	30.0
Exclusion List Size	50
Exclusion Duration (s)	90
Exclusion Mass Width (High/Low)	1.50

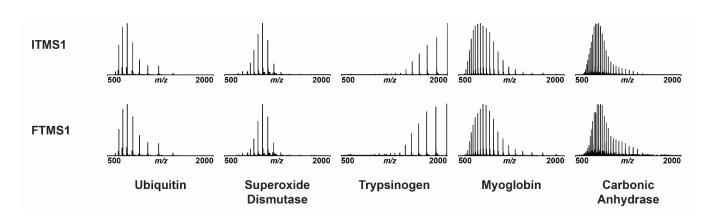
## Data Interpretation and Analysis

## • Example Chromatograms:



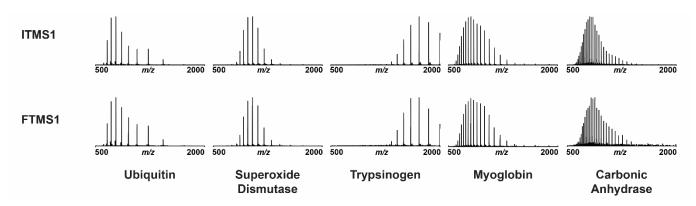
**Example Chromatograms:** Typical base peak chromatogram of the NRTDP TD standard on the PLRP-S (**left**) and RP-4H (**right**) columns described above, showing five separate eluted protein peaks (**1.** Ubiquitin, **2.** Superoxide Dismutase, **3.** Trypsinogen, **4.** Myoglobin, **5.** Carbonic Anhydrase). Superoxide dismutase, a characteristic contaminant of carbonic anhydrase, is present at varying concentrations depending on the batch of TD standard. The elution order and relative height ratio of all other protein peaks should remain consistent. The examples shown were obtained on an Orbitrap Elite, using the LC and MS parameters described above.

## Example IT and FT MS1 spectra: PLRP-S



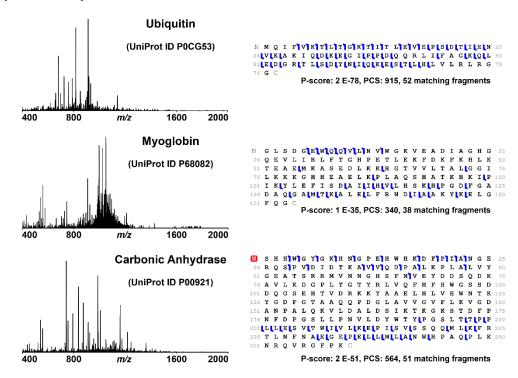


# Example IT and FT MS1 spectra: RP-4H



**Example IT and FT MS1 spectra:** Averaged ITMS1 and FTMS1 spectra for each of the five peaks in the above PLRP-S and RP-4H chromatograms, showing the characteristic isotopic peak distributions for each protein. Note the fidelity of the FTMS1 spectra to those acquired in the ion trap; this serves as an indicator of optimal ion transmission and FT performance.

#### Example FT MS2 spectra: RP-4H



**Example FT MS2 spectra:** Single-scan fragmentation spectra for ubiquitin (**top**), myoglobin (**middle**), and carbonic anhydrase (**bottom**) from the RP-4H dataset shown above. The fragment ion masses from each of the above spectra were deconvoluted using the Xtract algorithm (Thermo) and searched against the respective protein sequences using ProSight Lite. Typical P-scores for ubiquitin should be below E -50, while P-scores for myoglobin and carbonic anhydrase should be below E -25.



### Data Analysis Methods:

- **ProSight Lite:** The software is available for free download at <a href="http://prosightlite.northwestern.edu/">http://prosightlite.northwestern.edu/</a>. A detailed protocol for the analysis of the NRTDP TD Standard with Xtract and ProSight Lite can be found at <a href="https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1007%2F978-1-4939-6783-4">https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1007%2F978-1-4939-6783-4</a> 18.pdf
- **ProSightPC 4.0:** A "Standards" search database for high-throughput data analysis of the NRTDP TD Standard with ProSightPC 4.0 is available for download here: <a href="http://proteinaceous.net/database-warehouse/">http://proteinaceous.net/database-warehouse/</a>
- NRTDP TDPortal: A custom workflow for high-throughput analysis of the NRTDP TD Standard is available on
  the TDPortal Quest-based, high-performance computing environment available through NRTDP and
  Northwestern University. User accounts can be requested at <a href="http://nrtdp.northwestern.edu/tdportal-request/">http://nrtdp.northwestern.edu/tdportal-request/</a>. A detailed protocol for data analysis on TDPortal by external users (NRTDP SOP\_004) can be found
  at <a href="http://nrtdp.northwestern.edu/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ExternalUserJan10.pdf">http://nrtdp.northwestern.edu/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ExternalUserJan10.pdf</a>

### Longitudinal Data Tracking

The NRTDP recommends including the following metrics into longitudinal tracking of LC and MS performance:

- Peak Intensity: IT and FT MS1 peak intensity of ubiquitin, myoglobin, and carbonic anhydrase
- Peak Area (log): Chromatographic peak area (and retention time) of ubiquitin, myoglobin, and carbonic anhydrase
- FWHM: Full width at half maximum of ubiquitin, myoglobin, and carbonic anhydrase peaks
- Injection Time: MS1 and MS2 injection times for ubiquitin, myoglobin, and carbonic anhydrase
- P-score (-log): ubiquitin, myoglobin, and carbonic anhydrase obtained by low- or high-throughput data analysis

Paying close attention to these parameters over time can help identify LC or MS issues before they become significant, thus reducing loss of important sample data.

The NRTDP further recommends running at least three injections of the TD Standard before and after running experimental samples, as well as at least one injection of TD Standard every twenty-four hours. Evaluation of these standards on the fly will not only help detect LC or MS issues, but also provide confirmation that optimal performance is maintained when consistency and reproducibility are crucial (i.e. when performing label-free quantitative top down proteomics experiments).

**Acknowledgements:** This protocol was developed with support from the National Institute of General Medical Sciences **P41GM108569** for the National Resource for Translational and Developmental Proteomics (NRTDP) based at Northwestern University.

Last Edited: October 30<sup>th</sup>, 2017